

EKUIVALEN LOGIS

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PENGANTAR

- **Tautologi** pasti ekuivalen secara logis
- **Kontradiksi** pasti ekuivalen secara logis
- How about **contingent**??



CONTOH 1

- Dewi sangat cantik dan peramah
- Dewi peramah dan sangat cantik

A = Dewi sangat cantik

B = Dewi peramah

○ $A \wedge B$

○ $B \wedge A$

○ $(A \wedge B) \equiv (B \wedge A)$

A	B	$A \wedge B$	$B \wedge A$
F	F	F	F
F	T	F	F
T	F	F	F
T	T	T	T



CONTOH 2

- Badu tidak pandai, atau dia tidak jujur
- Adalah tidak benar jika Badu pandai dan jujur

- A = Badu pandai
- B = Badu jujur



- $\neg A \vee \neg B$

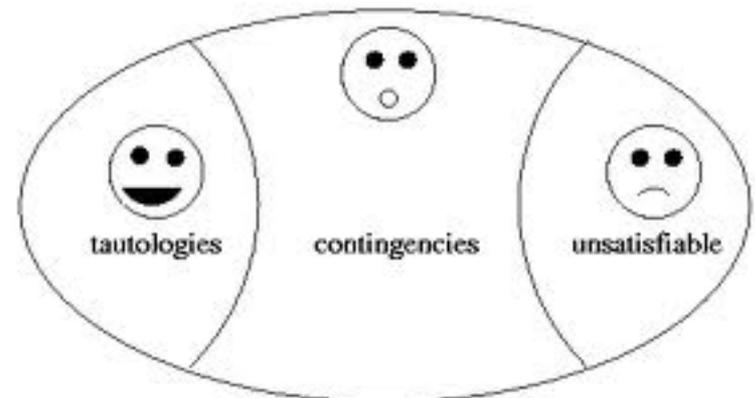
- $\neg(A \wedge B)$

A	B	$\neg A$	$\neg B$	$A \wedge B$	$\neg A \vee \neg B$	$\neg(A \wedge B)$
F	F	T	T	F	T	T
F	T	T	F	F	T	T
T	F	F	T	F	T	T
T	T	F	F	T	F	F



- Baru dapat dikatakan ekuivalensi jika dihubungkan dengan perangkat ekuivalensi dan menghasilkan tautologi
- $\neg A \vee \neg B \leftrightarrow \neg(A \wedge B)$

$\neg A \vee \neg B$	$\neg(A \wedge B)$	$\neg A \vee \neg B \leftrightarrow \neg(A \wedge B)$
T	T	T
T	T	T
T	T	T
F	F	T



KOMUTATIF

- $(A \wedge B) \equiv (B \wedge A)$
- $(A \vee B) \equiv (B \vee A)$
- $(A \leftrightarrow B) \equiv (B \leftrightarrow A)$
- **“ \rightarrow ” tidak memiliki sifat komutatif**
- $(A \rightarrow B)$ dengan $(B \rightarrow A)$ memiliki nilai kebenaran yang berbeda

A	B	$A \rightarrow B$	$B \rightarrow A$
F	F	T	T
F	T	T	F
T	F	F	T
T	T	T	T



ASOSIATIF

- $((A \wedge B) \wedge C) \equiv (A \wedge (B \wedge C))$
- Berlaku pula untuk “ \vee ” dan “ \leftrightarrow ”
- Tidak berlaku untuk “ \rightarrow ”

A	B	C	$A \wedge B$	$(A \wedge B) \wedge C$	$B \wedge C$	$A \wedge (B \wedge C)$
F	F	F	F	F	F	F
F	F	T	F	F	F	F
F	T	F	F	F	F	F
F	T	T	F	F	T	F
T	F	F	F	F	F	F
T	F	T	F	F	F	F
T	T	F	T	F	F	F
T	T	T	T	T	T	T



TIDAK BERLAKU UNTUK PERANGKAI YANG BERBEDA..!!

- $((A \wedge B) \vee C)$ dan $(A \wedge (B \vee C))$

A	B	C	$A \wedge B$	$(A \wedge B) \vee C$	$B \vee C$	$A \wedge (B \vee C)$
F	F	F	F	F	F	F
F	F	T	F	T	T	F
F	T	F	F	F	T	F
F	T	T	F	T	T	F
T	F	F	F	F	F	F
T	F	T	F	T	T	T
T	T	F	T	T	T	T
T	T	T	T	T	T	T



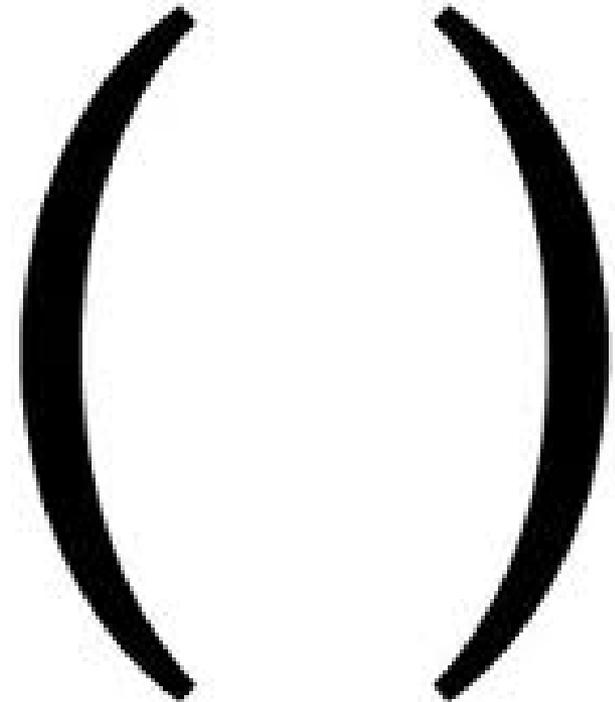
PARENTHESES

$$(\neg A \vee \neg B) \wedge A \wedge C$$

$$\equiv A \wedge (\neg A \vee \neg B) \wedge C$$

$$\equiv (A \wedge (\neg A \vee \neg B)) \wedge C$$

komutatif
parentheses



HUKUM-HUKUM LOGIKA

- Jika anda tidak belajar maka anda gagal
- Anda harus belajar atau anda akan gagal
- $A =$ anda tidak belajar
- $B =$ anda gagal

○ $A \rightarrow B$

○ $\neg A \vee B$

A	B	$\neg A$	$A \rightarrow B$	$\neg A \vee B$
F	F	T	T	T
F	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F	F
T	T	F	T	T

$$A \rightarrow B \equiv \neg A \vee B$$



DE MORGAN'S LAW

- $\neg(A \wedge B) \equiv \neg A \vee \neg B$
- $\neg(A \vee B) \equiv \neg A \wedge \neg B$

Contoh

Jika Badu tidak sekolah maka Badu tidak akan pandai

Jika Badu pandai maka Badu pasti sekolah

A = Badu sekolah

B = Badu pandai

- $\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$
- $B \rightarrow A$



$\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$

$B \rightarrow A$

A	B	$\neg A$	$\neg B$	$\neg A \rightarrow \neg B$	$B \rightarrow A$
F	F	T	T	T	T
F	T	T	F	F	F
T	F	F	T	T	T
T	T	F	F	T	T

$\neg A \rightarrow \neg B \equiv B \rightarrow A$



$$A \leftrightarrow B$$
$$(A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow A)$$

A	B	$A \leftrightarrow B$	$A \rightarrow B$	$B \rightarrow A$	$(A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow A)$
F	F	T	T	T	T
F	T	F	T	F	F
T	F	F	F	T	F
T	T	T	T	T	T

$$A \leftrightarrow B \equiv (A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow A)$$


$A \wedge B$ $\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)$

A	B	$A \wedge B$	$\neg A$	$\neg B$	$\neg A \vee \neg B$	$\neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)$
F	F	F	T	T	T	F
F	T	F	T	F	T	F
T	F	F	F	T	T	F
T	T	T	F	F	F	T

 $A \wedge B \equiv \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)$ 

$$\begin{aligned} A \leftrightarrow B &\equiv (A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow A) \\ &\equiv (\neg A \vee B) \wedge (\neg B \vee A) \end{aligned}$$

○ Hukum De Morgan 1

$$\neg(A \wedge B) \equiv \neg A \vee \neg B$$

$$\neg\neg(A \wedge B) \equiv \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)$$

$$A \wedge B \equiv \neg(\neg A \vee \neg B)$$

○ Hukum De Morgan 2

$$A \vee B \equiv \neg(\neg A \wedge \neg B)$$



$T = 1$

$F = 0$

A	1	0	A^1	A^0
F	T	F	F	F
T	T	F	T	F

- $A^1 \equiv A$ Identify of \wedge
- $A^0 \equiv 0$ Zero of \wedge
- $A \vee 1 \equiv 1$ Identify of \vee
- $A \vee 0 \equiv A$ Zero of \vee





○ Identity Laws

$$A \wedge 1 \equiv A$$

$$A \vee 0 \equiv A$$

○ Dominition Laws

$$A \vee 1 \equiv 1$$

$$A \wedge 0 \equiv 0$$

○ Tautology

$$A \vee \neg A \equiv 1$$

○ Contradiction

$$A \wedge \neg A \equiv 0$$

○ Idempotence Laws

$$A \vee A \equiv A$$

$$A \wedge A \equiv A$$

○ Law of Double Negation

$$\neg \neg A \equiv A$$

○ Commutative Laws

$$A \wedge B \equiv B \wedge A$$

$$A \vee B \equiv B \vee A$$

○ Assosiative Laws

$$(A \wedge B) \wedge C \equiv A \wedge (B \wedge C)$$

$$(A \vee B) \vee C \equiv A \vee (B \vee C)$$





○ Distributive Laws

$$A \wedge (B \vee C) \equiv (A \wedge B) \vee (A \wedge C)$$

$$A \vee (B \wedge C) \equiv (A \vee B) \wedge (A \vee C)$$

$$A \rightarrow B \equiv \neg A \vee B$$

$$A \rightarrow B \equiv \neg(A \wedge \neg B)$$

○ De Morgan's Law

$$\neg(A \wedge B) \equiv \neg A \vee \neg B$$

$$\neg(A \vee B) \equiv \neg A \wedge \neg B$$

$$A \leftrightarrow B \equiv (A \wedge B) \vee (\neg A \wedge \neg B)$$

$$A \leftrightarrow B \equiv (A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow A)$$



Identitas	$p \wedge \mathbf{1} \equiv p$	$p \vee \mathbf{0} \equiv p$
Ikatan	$p \vee \mathbf{1} \equiv \mathbf{T}$	$p \wedge \mathbf{0} \equiv \mathbf{0}$
Idempoten	$p \vee p \equiv p$	$p \wedge p \equiv p$
Negasi	$p \vee \neg p \equiv \mathbf{1}$	$p \wedge \neg p \equiv \mathbf{0}$
Negasi Ganda	$\neg \neg p \equiv p$	
Komutatif	$p \vee q \equiv q \vee p$	$p \wedge q \equiv q \wedge p$
Asosiatif	$(p \vee q) \vee r \equiv p \vee (q \vee r)$	$(p \wedge q) \wedge r \equiv p \wedge (q \wedge r)$
Distributif	$p \vee (q \wedge r) \equiv (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$	$p \wedge (q \vee r) \equiv (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r)$
De Morgan's	$\neg(p \wedge q) \equiv \neg p \vee \neg q$	$\neg(p \vee q) \equiv \neg p \wedge \neg q$
Absorpsi	$p \wedge (p \vee q) \equiv p$	$p \vee (p \wedge q) \equiv p$

BUKTIKAN BAHWA EKUIVALEN

1. $A \rightarrow (\neg A \rightarrow B) \equiv 1$
2. $(A \vee \neg B) \rightarrow C \equiv (\neg A \wedge B) \vee C$
3. $A \rightarrow B \equiv \neg(A \wedge \neg B)$
4. $\neg(\neg(A \wedge B) \vee B) \equiv 0$
5. $\neg(P \vee \neg Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge \neg Q) \equiv \neg P$

